

CY 2011 ODA Portfolio Review
ODA PROJECTS AND PROGRAMS SUPPORTIVE OF DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (DRR)

The ADB defines DRR as a “series of interconnected actions to minimize disaster vulnerability by avoiding (prevention) or limiting (mitigation and preparedness) the adverse effects of hazards within the broad context of sustainable development.” DRR is also an integral component of CC adaptation.

A comprehensive approach for DRR is set out in the UN-endorsed Hyogo Framework for Action (HFA). It highlights five priority areas of action:

- (1) Ensure that disaster risk reduction is a national and a local priority with a strong institutional basis for implementation;
- (2) Identify, assess, and monitor disaster risks and enhance early warning;
- (3) Use knowledge, innovation, and education to build a culture of safety and resilience at all levels;
- (4) Reduce the underlying risk factors; and,
- (5) Strengthen disaster preparedness for effective response at all levels.

For this Review, a total of 19 programs and projects (loans and grants), with cost amounting to PhP 38.59 billion, invested in DRR initiatives. Out of the 19, seven are loans while 12 are grant-assisted. These projects aim to improve readiness and resiliency of the government both at the national and local levels through proper planning and timely disaster response. *(For more details, see attached table).*

Projects and programs with DRR components

Type	No. of Projects	Cost (PhP billion)*
Loan	7	36.11
Grant	12	2.48
TOTAL	19 projects	38.59

* Cost refers to total project cost of FAPs, and does not correspond to the cost of project component/s that specifically addresses DRR.