21

Protecting the Rights, Promoting the Welfare, and Expanding Opportunities for Overseas Filipinos





PROTECT THE RIGHTS, PROMOTE THE WELFARE, AND EXPAND OPPORTUNITIES FOR OVERSEAS FILIPINOS TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE COUNTRY'S DEVELOPMENT





OFs' rights protected and well-being improved



OFs' participation in the country's development and reintegration in Philippine society facilitated



Engagement of OFs, families, and other stakeholders in governance strengthened



Rights protected and well-being improved for foreign nationals in the country

- Enhance government support and assistance for repatriated and displaced OFWs
- Enhance health insurance and social security for OFWs
- Strengthen bilateral and regional ties
- Facilitate effective service delivery to OFs
- Provide sufficient assistance-to-nationals services
- Enhance education of OFs on IMD
- Strengthen measures to protect OFs against human trafficking and exploitation
- Improve mechanisms to monitor the socioeconomic and political conditions of OFs
- Reduce pre-departure costs for OFs

- Strengthen financial inclusion initiatives for OFs and their families
- Ensure successful socioeconomic reintegration of OFs and their families
- Tap the knowledge and other resources of OFs

- Mainstream migration into local development planning
- Increase overseas voter turnout
- Establish clear policy direction as a migrant-receiving country

^a Actual data as of December 2016, or latest available before 2016.

b May either be the cumulative or incremental target value at the end of the plan period.

^C Concerned NEDA Board Committees/Cabinet Cluster/Inter-Agency Committees responsible for delivering the outcomes and the concerned implementing agencies for delivering the outputs.

d Lead agency responsible for reporting progress on indicator targets.

e Total OFs refer to the sum of documented, undocumented, and permanent; Documented - OFs with proper documentation as required by the host country; Undocumented - those with no documentation or with incomplete documents, e.g., those with expired or inappropriate visas; Permanent - OFs with permanent residence status, including their descendants; also includes those with dual citizenship.

Increasing from previous year.

g Targets 2019 onwards are lower due to target reformulation based on realized assumptions and risks.

Objectives/Results	SDG Tier 1 Indicators	Indicator	Ва	iseline ^a	Annual Plan Targets						End of Plan	Means of	Responsible	Reporting	Assumptions and Risks
			Year	Value	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Target ^b	Verification	Agency ^c	Entity ^d	
		Number of Overseas Filipino Worker (OFW) members of Pag-IBIG Fund (cumulative) - active	2019	1,094,829	N/A	N/A	N/A	875,531 ^h	991,401	1,117,271	1,117,271	Pag-IBIG report	Pag-IBIG	Pag-IBIG	The continued repatriation of a large number of OFWs due to loss of jobs brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic will be a major challenge in achieving the targets.
		Percent of PhilHealth Members among OFs i,j	2019	35.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	100 ^k	100	100	100	PhilHealth stats and charts	PhilHealth	PhilHealth	
		Percent share of Paying SSS OFW-members to Covered SSS OFW-members ^{l,m}	2019	56.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	40.0 ⁿ	40.0	40.0	40.0	SSS report	SSS	SSS	
		Number of distressed OFWs provided assistance under the International Social Welfare Services for Filipino Nationals (ISWSFN)	2019	32,557	N/A	N/A	N/A	27,215	21,253	21,253	140,679	DSWD annual report	DSWD	DSWD	
		Number of returning and repatriated OFWs and their families provided with Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) assistance	2019	13,570	N/A	N/A	N/A	Increasing	Increasing	Increasing	Increasing	TESDA administrative reports	TESDA	TESDA	
Subchapter Outcome															
OFs' participation in the country's development and reintegration in the Philippine society facilitated	Goal 10. Target 10.c (By 2030, reduce to less than 3 percent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 percent)		2016	4.7	<5.5	<5.0	<4.5	<4.0	<3.5	<3.0	<3.0	World Bank Remittance Prices World Wide (http://remittanceprice s.worldbank.org/)	SDC	BSP	Restrictions due to the COVID - 19 pandemic will be gradually eased, allowing for global economic recovery, which in turn will lead to the resumption of international migration and robust remittance flows. Risks: The COVID19 pandemic will persist and country-specific restrictions to labor and migration will lead to higher remittance costs.

h Lower targets for 2020-2021 compared with actual 2018 and 2019 are due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Computed using the number of PhilHealth members covered over DFA OF stock.

PhilHealth targets all overseas Filipinos in general, not just OFWs.

With the signing of the UHC Act (RA11223), all Filipinos are technically "covered".

Covered OFW members are those that are eligible to avail a certain SSS benefit (cumulative).

^m Paying OFW members are those with posted contributions for any of applicable months within the year.

n Decline in the target set for 2020-2022 due to effect of COVID-19 pandemic to share of paying OFWs to covered OFW-members.

The indicator uses the cost of sending USD 200 from the US to the Philippines as a proxy for the average cost of remittance.

Ohioatius / Doculto	SDG Tier 1	Indicator	Baseline ^a				Anı	nual Plan Tar	gets		End of Plan	Means of	Responsible	Reporting	Assumptions and Disk
Objectives/Results	Indicators	indicator	Year	Value	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Target ^b	Verification	Agency ^c	Entity ^d	Assumptions and Risk
Aggregate Outputs															
		Number of <i>Balik</i> Scientists engaged increased	2016	25	39	41	44	46	101	151	422	DOST Report	DOST	DOST	
		Percent of returnees successfully engaged in an income-generating activity P	2019	103.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	100.0 ^q	100.0 ^q	100.0 ^q	100.0	OWWA-National Reintegration Center for OFWs (NRCO) Report	OWWA-NRCO	NRCO	A significant number of OFWs returning to the Philippines could pose risks to achieving the targets. Meanwhile, the establishment of a business enterprise may not be a priority for returned workers as it is not a viable option to sustain immediate family need.
Subchapter Outcome	1.3														
Engagement of OFs, families, and other stakeholders in governance strengthened		Voter turnout increased (%) - core	2019	18.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	40	40	COMELEC Report	SDC	COMELEC	
Subchapter Outcome 1.4															
Rights protected and well-being improved for foreign nationals in the country															

P Figures are computed as follows: number of returning OFs provided assistance by NRCO who become successfully engaged in income-generating activities (IGAs) divided by the number of NRCO target beneficiaries. The NRCO describes IGAs as the initial stage of the entrepreneurship process, followed by self-employment as the second stage, and entrepreneurship as the final stage. IGAs determine how many OFW returnees became successful at generating profit or income for themselves and their family while progressing into entrepreneurship or formal employment.

^q Targets for 2020-2022 are based on a per beneficiary cash requirement and implementation of the programs.